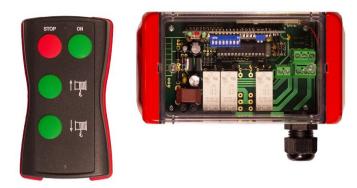
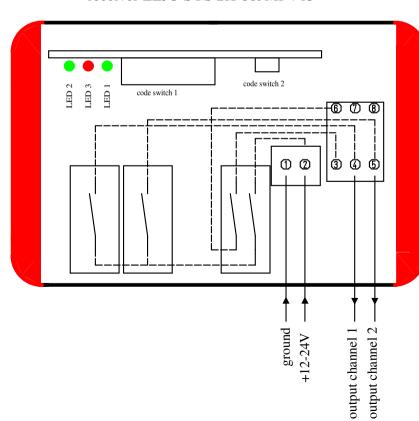
# ELJO SYS 2K-869MPV13



## receiver ELJO SYS 2K-869MPV13



## Commissioning

The SYS 2K-869MPV13 radio remote control system consists of the individual components SYS 2K-869MPV13R (receiver) and the SYS 2K-869MPV13T (manual sender). The used radio modules have obtained an approval the BZT (Federal office for approvals in the area of telecommunication) and CEPT. The operation is free of charge. A special request at the post office is thus not necessary. Approvals also exist in several European countries. The certificates of approval can be made available on request.

The radio remote control system can be used for control of external resistive load with a max. load voltage of 24VDC and 5A.

The customer is solely responsible for use of the components especially as the duty cycle is concerned. The standard version contains an emergency stop of the cat. 0 that can be initiated automatically or manually. (see emergency stop)

With this version integrated filters also permit to operate the receiver in interference-polluted environments in a better way than with standard systems. (see section multiple scanning)

Security against interferences, however, cannot be guaranteed with radio remote control systems in this frequency range.

Electromotors and any kind of switching electronic circuits can be interfering components. A sufficient interference suppression must be observed if these components are located close to the system.

## Operation

The frequency range of 868MHZ-870 MHZ is applied for high-frequency systems for industrial, scientific, medical, domestic and similar purposes (ISM). A protection against interferences caused by the devices and radio remote control systems mentioned above cannot be guaranteed when operating in this frequency range.

## Warning note

The use of this remote control system is only permitted for devices and systems where a radio interference in the sender or receiver does not cause a damage on persons or objects. Additionally a higher-level emergency-stop system which can be activated manually should be integrated with the component to be controlled.

The remote control of devices and systems with increased risk of accident is not allowed. No type of crane product is allowed to be used in conjunction with this system.

The guideliners acc. To ZH1/547 are not fulfilled.

This remote control system must only be operated in areas where the operating area of the system is clearly visible.

We are not responsible for damages caused externally such as interferences or negligent operation by the user .

#### Mounting

Mounting, setting and maintenance is only permitted by authorized personnel. With outdoor installation the receiver housing must be fitted so that it is protected against direct solar radiation and driving rain.

Mount the device on even ground since water may enter with deformation of the housing. Fixing holes are located in the adjacent chambers of the housing.

Cable outlet towards the bottom.

Ensure correct connection of all cables. Once all components have been connected connect supply voltage.

#### Supply voltage

Connect the 12...24VDC supply voltage after the settings mentioned in the following have been made. (observe polarity). When the connection is correct, a green LED (LED 1) flashes.

It is not allowed to connect 115V or 230V .The system will be demaged, no guarantee

#### function

The radio receiver operates with 2 switching channels and an emergency stop- class 0which resides above the other channels. After connection of the power supply the system starts in the "Standby mode". A green LED (LED 1) flashes. When in this position, no transmission is possible. After the Button "on" has been activated for around 3 seconds. the system is active. This position is signaled by a green LED light (LED 2) on the board. The integrated stop relay is initiated and only after this activation can the winch in and winch out function be used. If the receiver recognizes a valid signal, a red LED light (LED 3) will light up on the receiver. For each channel there is a relay switch, which switches the connected power and is turned on when the button belonging to this channel is activated on the transmitter. Note: It is very important to keep the maximum electrical current in mind. The system will shut itself down if there has been a five minute time period with no transmission. Afterwards the system reverts to standby mode.

## Emergency stop automatic stop of the category 0 type.

When the red button on the transmitter is depressed, the emergency stop of the category 0 type takes effect. When this happens, immediately the connection is cut to the outputs (maximum of 24V DC 5A) The green LED light (LED 2) goes out. At this point the system is returned to the Standby position. At the point the transmitter can be brought back online by the steps shown above.

## Emergency Stop: Automatically activated emergency stop category 0

The system continually tests if there is a similar transmission on the same frequency within the utilization field. If there is interference, the system automatically initiates an emergency stop - category 0. Turning on the unit is, then, only possible when the interference has stopped. The system is also continually checking the strength of its own signal. When the maximum range has been reached, the automatic stop is also initiated. Turning on the unit is, then, only possible when the transmitter is within range.

#### Multiple scanning

In this operating mode the sent key codes and the set address are scanned and stored twice in the processor. The transferred values are continuously compared with the stored code. If the code does not match with the values for a certain time, the stored information is deleted. Proceed as follows to set this operating mode:

The scanning time can be installed with coding switch B **Attention:** In this operating mode a short delay of the switching relays must be taken into account.

#### Coding switches

Sender and receiver are assigned via the coding switches. (receiver: coding switch 1) The coding of the sender and receiver must correspond. An asymmetric coding must be selected in order to protect against unauthorized switching of the channels. The coding switch 1 in the receiver must be coded before connecting the supply voltage, i.e. first set the same code for sender and receiver before connecting the receiver.

## Connection of the antenna

An internal antenna is integrated in the housing as standard. The range of the system depends on local conditions and can be very different. Athmospheric interferences may influence the frequency. Interferences occur due to the operation and switching on/off of electronic devices. High degrees of interference mainly occur due to transmission lines, transformer stations, industrial and electronic data-processing stations. Interference fields of electromotors must also be taken into account. Keep a large distance to the devices mentioned above when installing the receiver. The largest range can be obtained if you keep a long distance to metal items.

(Observe the distance to live parts!! Interferences!!)

## **Technical Data**

Supply voltage receiver 12...24V DC

Rest current receiver 12V tvp. 25mA.24V tvp. 35mA Operating current receiver app. 50mA per channel

Load voltage max. 24V DC

Load current max. 5A per channel

FM 869.85 MHZ (SRD Band) Frequency green LED (LED 1) Display Standby

Display ready for use green LED (LED 2) Display reception red LED (LED 3) Codina 8 bit 256 possibilities

Housing of receiver Plastics IP 67

150 mm x 80 mm x 60 mm 120 mm x 65 mm x 25 mm Manual sender

Supply manual sender 3 \* 1.5V AAA red LED Display sending red LED Display battery change

#### Troubleshooting

## problem

Lack of transmission. Green LED light (LED1) is working. When button is pressed on transmitter, the red LED (LED 3) does not function.

Are receiver and transmitter properly encoded?

Solution

Input code for receiver and transmitter (see coding switch)

### problem

Wireless control reeacts to proper transmitter. Red LED (LED 3) lights up after button is pressend on the transmitter but the solenoid does not switch

Is the green LED (LED 2) on? If not, system is in "Standby"

Solution

Set the transmitter in "Active modus" Press the Button "on" for three seconds (see also Stop function)

# problem

Wireless control reacts to proper transmitter. Red LED (LED 3) lights up after botton on transmitter is pressed, green LED (LED 2) lights up, solenoids switching can be heard but no voltage is measured at output.

Check

Is Output 1 or Output 2 connected correctly?

Solution

Attach Output 1 ob 2 as described.

#### Problem

System works for a short period, then stops

Is the system near a source of similar frequency?

Solution

Turn off source of similar transmission.

#### Problem

Effective area of transmission is too small.

Is the second LED on the transmitter on?

Solution

Install a new batterie.

Check

Is the receiver installed close to an electric motor?

Solution

Move to a location away from electric motor.